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Community stroke practice experience with small vessel Thrombectomy



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Introduction

- Emergent endovascular revascularization is currently mainstay for patients presenting with emergent Large Vessel Occlusion (LVO) of the intracranial circulation
- · Stroke syndromes affecting smaller vessels can carry significant morbidity
- Newer technologies and greater experience with the endovascular approach make treatment for small vessel occlusions increasingly more manageable
- This is more relevant in patients presenting outside the tPA window with
 poor collateral circulation
- We present our technical institutional experience with the endovascular management of acute occlusions of the M2-M3 MCA, A1-A2 ACA and P1-P2 PCA territories

Background

- Only few studies in large academic centers have demonstrated outcomes after Thrombectomy for emergent small vessel occlusions
- A 2018 study by Grossberg and colleagues demonstrated 83% successful revascularization in 69 patients with distal vessel emboli
- Community stroke centers can capably produce excellent treatment
 outcomes in these patient populations

Methods

- Institutional Stroke Registries were queried between 2017 and 2019 for consecutive cases of acute thromboembolic disease affecting the M2-M3 MCA, A1-2 ACA and P1-P2 PCA vessels for which endovascular revascularization was performed
- Patients with LVO and daughter vessel occlusions in the queried vessels were excluded as well as patients for whom revascularization was not performed after diagnostic angiography
- A total of 26 patients were identified representing 30 parent small vessels
 containing acute thrombus
- Thrombectomy techniques were categorized as primary aspiration with the ADAPT technique, primarily stent retrieval approaches or combined approaches (PCA)
- We assessed post procedural revascularization efficacy and itemized the Thrombectomy devices employed

Results

- In total 30 vessels were treated with greater than 50% revascularization in approximately 80% of vessels
- 6 A2-ACA, 6 P1/P2-PCA and 18 M2-MCA vessels were treated
- · Half of the treated patients were male
- All cases employed the primary combined approach (PCA)
- Intravenous tPA was used in 53% of cases of which 88% obtained greater than 50% revascularization post procedurally



Figure 1 (A-B) Pre-operative angiogram demonstrating left A2 occlusion. The lesion was treated 3x20mm Trevo Stentriever and Penumbra Max ACE 060 resulting in complete revascularization distally (C-D)



Results



Figure 2 (A-B) Pre-operative angiogram demonstrating left P1-PCA occlusion. The lesion was treated 4x20mm Trevo Stentriever and Penumbra Max ACE 060. There was persistent thrombus in the distal P3 branch

Conclusion

Emergent Thrombectomy of distal intracranial vessel occlusions is technically feasible in the community stroke practice

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